Preparing Electrocompetent BJAdEasy1 Bacterial Cells by TCH 1/24/02

- Preparation: LB/Streptomycine/Amp: 1000ml, kept at room temp for next morning use; 10% Glycerol (v/v): 2000-3000ml, autoclaved, kept at 4°C; 6-8 of -liter flasks, autoclaved; 4 of 200ml-centrifuge bottles for *Eppendorf 5810*, autoclaved.
- **Note**: The BJAdEasy1 cells are BJ5183 cells transformed with pAdEasy-1 plasmid. It is very important to characterize the integrity of the pAdEasy-1 in the cell stock. It is advised to perform restriction digestions with enzymes, such as *Hind*III or *Pst*I, on the DNA purified from the stock culture, and compare the digestion patterns with that of the pAdEasy-1 stock plasmid.
- 1. Use a fresh colony or frozen stock of BJAdEasy1 cells to inoculate 10ml of LB/Strep/Amp medium in a 50ml conical tube. Grow cells in a shaker overnight at 37°C. ().
- Dilute 1 ml of cells into 1000 ml of LB/Strep/Amp medium in eight 1-liter flasks (or 125 ml each). Grow for 4 to 5 hours with vigorous aeration at 37°C until the OD₅₅₀ reaches 0.8. (Monitor the OD₅₅₀ closely once the reading reaches 0.3, i.e., every 20 min).
- 3. Combine cells to one flask and incubate on ice in the cold room for at least 1.0hr to overnight (Note: the longer the cells are incubated, the higher the competency).
- 4. Divide cells into four 200ml-centrifuge bottles. Pellet bacterial cells by centrifuging at 3,900 rpm (*Eppendorf 5810*) at 4°C for 30 min. (If the culture is more than 800ml, it is possible to pellet the cells twice using the same bottle).
- 5. Decant the supernatant (<u>It should be clear! If it's cloudy, longer</u> <u>centrifugation may be needed</u>). Resuspend the cell pellet in 1,000ml of sterilized, ice-cold 10% glycerol (or 200ml per centrifuge bottle). Make sure mix well (by vortexing or pipetting up-and-down) and always keep cells on ice.
- 6. Centrifuge the cell suspension at 3,900 rpm (*Eppendorf 5810*) for 30 min at 4°C.

- 7. Carefully decant most of the supernatant. Use 10ml pipettes to remove the remaining 20-50ml liquid.
- 8. Add about 20ml of ice-cold 10% glycerol to each bottle, mix well and combine the cell suspension to one bottle. Rinse other three bottles with 10ml ice-cold 10% glycerol and combine the rinsing solution to the remaining one. Fill the bottle with 10% glycerol.
- Centrifuge the cell suspension at 3,900 rpm (*Eppendorf 5810*) for 30 min at 4°C.
- 10. Carefully decant most of the supernatant. Use 10ml pipettes to gently remove the remaining approx. 50ml liquid.
- Repeat the washing step once by resuspending the pellet in 200ml of icecold 10% glycerol. Centrifuge the cell suspension at 3,900 rpm (*Eppendorf 5810*) for 30 min at 4°C.
- 12. Carefully pour off the supernatant, gently pipette most of supernatant off leaving about 20 ml. Transfer the cell suspension to a 50ml sterile conical tube and fill the tube with ice-cold 10% glycerol. Spin at 3,900 rpm x 20 min, and pipette all but 2ml of the supernatant out. (<u>Note: it is important to keep the competent BJ5183 cells concentrated because of their lower competency</u>).
- 13. Resuspend cell pellet in the remaining liquid in the tube. Aliquot 20ul per 1.5ml tube and store the aliquots at -80°C. (**Optional:** you can achieve better competency by pre-chilling the 1.7ml microfuge tubes at -80°C, and by snap-freezing the aliquots in dry ice-methanol bath before storing them at -80°C).