# In Situ hybridization (Dr. Qian Li Lab at UTMB)

## Preparation of <sup>35</sup>S-labeled riboprobes:

#### Materials and solutions:

- 1. RNA labeling kit (Amersham, RPN3100)
- 2. ProbeQuant<sup>TM</sup>G-50 Micro Columns (Pharmacia, 27-5335-01)
- 3. <sup>35</sup>S-UTP (1000 Ci/mmol, 20 mCi/ml, Amersham, SJ603)
- 4. 5 M ammonium acetate (NH<sub>4</sub>Ac):
- 5. STE: add 30 μl of NaCl to 970 μl TE, pH 8.0
- 6. 2.5 M DTT:
- 7. Formamide (Sigma)

### <u>Transcription of riboprobes</u>:

1 Plasmids containing the subclone of interesting fragment are linearized by proper restriction enzyme as below:

Riboprobes		Restriction Enzyme	RNA polymerase
5-HT <sub>1A</sub> III intracellular loop (mouse)	Sense	Sac I	T7
695-1110 bp	Antisense	Kpn I	T3
5-HT <sub>1A</sub> 3' uncoding region (mouse)	Sense	Sac I	T7
1481-1860 bp	Antisense	Kpn I	T3
5-HT <sub>2C</sub> III intracellular loop (rat)	Sense	Kpn I	T7
1355-1630 bp	Antisense	Hinc II	T3
5-HT <sub>2C</sub> 3' uncoding region (mouse)	Sense	Bam H I	Т3
2078-2512bp	Antisense	Hind III	T7
5-HT <sub>2A</sub> (rat)	Sense	Apa I	SP6
1281-1573 bp	Antisense	Pst I	T7
GPCR 21 (mouse)	Sense	Not I	T3
	Antisense	BamH I	T7

#### For example:

30 ml plasmid ( $\sim 100 \text{ ng/µl}$ ) + 4 µl buffer (10x) + 6 µl restriction enzyme			
5-HT <sub>2C</sub> III intracellular loop	NEB $1 + 0.4$ ml BSA $(100x)$	Kpn I	Sense
	React 4 (BRL)	Hinc II	Antisense
5-HT <sub>2C</sub> 3' uncoding region	Univ (Stratagene)	Bam H	I Sense
	Buffer 3 (Stratagene)	Hind III	Antisense
5-HT <sub>2A</sub> (rat)	React 4	Apa I	Sense
	React 2	Pst I	Antisense
5-HT <sub>1A</sub> III intracellular loop	Buffer 1(Stratag.)or A (BMG)	Sac I	Sense
	Buffer 1 (Stratagene)	Kpn I	Antisense
5-HT <sub>1A</sub> 3' uncoding region	Buffer 1(Stratag.) or A (BMG)	Sac I	Sense

	Buffer 1 (Stratagene)	Kpn I	Antisense
30 ml plasmid ( $\sim 100 \text{ ng/µl}$ ) + 4 µl buffer (10x) + 6 µl restriction enzyme			
GPCR 21	React 3 (BRL)	Not I	Sense
	Univ (Stratagene)	Bam H I	Antisense

Incubate at 37°C for 2 hours or overnight.

- 2 Purify the linearized plasmid by separating with 1% agarose gel followed by gel extraction by QIAquick gel extraction kit (Qiagene) (Concert gel extraction kit from GIBCO RBL is better than Qiagene one).
- 3 Dry the extracted plasmid by using speed vacuum.
- 4 In vitro transcription: use RNA labeling kit (Amersham). Add following solutions in the tube that contains linearized plasmid (from step 3):

Transcription buffer	4 µl
0.2 M DTT	1 μl
HPRI	1 μ1
GTP	0.5 µl
ATP	0.5 µl
CTP	0.5 µl
<sup>35</sup> S-UTP	10 µl
RNA polymerase	2 μl
$H_2O$	$0.5 \mu l$

Mix and incubate at 37°C for at least 1 hour.

5 To remove template DNA, add 5 μl RNA-free DNase (10 Units). Mix and incubate at 37°C for 15 min.

20 ul

- 6 Stop the reaction by add 25 μl STE and place the tube in ice.
- 7 Separate labeled riboprobe from free <sup>35</sup>S-UTP by using ProbQuant G-50 micro column.
  - a) Prepare column: Resuspend the resin in the column by vortexing. Loosen the cap one-fourth turn and snap off the bottom closure. Then, put the column in a 1.5 ml tube and spin for 1 min at 3000 rpm (735 x g).
  - b) Place the column in a new 1.5 tube and apply the 50 µl of the sample to the top-center of resin carefully. Then, spin the column at 3000 rpm for 2 min. The purified sample is collected in the support tube.
- 8 Precipitate the <sup>35</sup>S-labeled riboprobe:

Total

a) Add 5 μl of 5 M (NH<sub>4</sub>)Ac (1/10 vol of the sample) and 150 μl of 100 % ethanol (3 vol. of the sample) to the purified sample.

- b) Place the tubes in  $-20^{\circ}$ C for at least 2 hr or overnight.
- c) Centrifuge the tube at 14,000 rpm, 4°C for 30 min. and decant the supernatant by pipette. Leave the tube up side down until all the solution is dried.
- Add 50  $\mu$ l DEPC-treated H<sub>2</sub>O to the tube and dissolve the riboprobe. Or, 23  $\mu$ l H<sub>2</sub>O +  $2\Box\mu$ l 2.5M DTT + 25  $\mu$ l formamide.
- 10 Take 1  $\mu$ l of the riboprobe to a scintillation vial, add 5 ml scintillation fluid and count at  $^{14}$ C channel in scintillation counter. The counts should be 2,000,000-6,000,000 cpm. The riboprobe can store in  $-80^{\circ}$ C for weeks.

#### Hybridization

#### Materials and solutions:

- 1 4% paraformaldehyde: add 24 g paraformaldehyde in 600 ml 1X PBS, heat to 60°C and add a pellet of NaOH until the solution become clear. Filter the solution and cool to room temperature. The solution has to make freshly.
- 2 0.25% acetic anhydride in 1 M triethanolamine (TEA): Add 9 ml TEA and 2.52 ml conc. HCl to 600 ml DEPC-treated H<sub>2</sub>O. Immediately before use add 1.5ml acetic anhydride. (You can add acetic anhydride after the slides are placed in the 1 M TEA).
- $3 \quad 70\%$  ethanol: mix 420 ml 100% Ethanol and 180 ml H<sub>2</sub>O.
- 4 80% ethanol: mix 480 ml 100% ethanol and 120 ml H<sub>2</sub>O.
- 5 Hybridization solution (150 µl/slide):
  - a) Hybridization buffer: To make 8.8 ml buffer, mix:

Stock solution	<u>Vol</u>	Final conc.
1M Tris pH 7.4	200 μl	20 mM
formamide	5 ml	50%
5 M NaCl	600 µl	0.3 M
0.5 M EDTA	20 μl	1 mM
50 X Denhard's sol	200 μ1	1X
50% dextrane sulfate	2 ml	10%
DEPC-treated H <sub>2</sub> O	780 µl	

b) Ribomix: Mix:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Salmon Sperm } (10 \text{ mg/ml}) & 250 \text{ }\mu\text{l} \\ \text{tRNA } (50 \text{ mg/ml}) & 250 \text{ }\mu\text{l} \\ \text{DEPC-treated H}_2\text{O} & 500 \text{ }\mu\text{l} \end{array}$ 

c) Denatured riboprobe solution: To make 1ml hybridization solution, 40 μl ribomix are added proper vol of riboprobe to make 20,000 - 40,000 cpm/□μl of hybridization solution. (For example, if the riboprobe is 4,000,000 cpm/□μl, add 10 μl of the riboprobe into 40 μl ribomix). Heat the mixture at 65°C for 10 min and cool in ice for at least 2 min.

d) Hybridization solution: To make 1 ml solution, add

solution. To make I mi son	ation, add	
		Final conc.
Hybridization buffer	880 µl	
2.5 M DTT	60 µl	150 mM
10% SDS	20 μl	0.2%
Denatured riboprobe sol.	40 µl	

- 6 4X SSC: add 200 ml 20X SSC into 1000 ml H<sub>2</sub>O.
- 7 1X SSC: 30 ml 20X SSC to 600ml
- 8 0.5 X SSC: 15 ml 20X SSC to 600 ml.
- 9 0.1X SSC: 5 ml 20X SSC to 1000ml.
- 10 2 mM DTT in 0.1X SSC: 250  $\mu$ l 5M DTT into 600 ml 0.1X SSC (65°C) immediately before use.

#### 11 300 mM NH<sub>4</sub>Ac, ethanol solutions:

Ethanol Conc	100% Ethanol	6 M NH <sub>4</sub> Ac	$H_2O$
50%	300 ml	30 ml	270 ml
70%	420 ml	30 ml	150 ml
90%	540 ml	30 ml	30 ml
95%	570 ml	30 ml	

- 12 40 μg/ml RNase A solution:
  - a) NTE solution: add 50 ml 5M NaCl, 5 ml 1M Tris, pH 8.0 and 1 ml 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0 onto 500ml H<sub>2</sub>O.
  - b) RNase A solution: add 1ml 20mg/ml RNase A into 500 ml NTE.

#### 13 5M DTT:

- a) 0.01 M NaAc solution: dissolve 68 mg NaAc (M.W 136.08) into 50 ml H<sub>2</sub>O.
- b) Dissolve 0.77g DTT into 1 ml 0.01M NaAc.
- 14 6 M NH4acetate: dissolve 231g ammonium acetate onto 500 ml H<sub>2</sub>O.
- 15 50% formamide in 2X SSC solution:

500 ml formamide + 100 ml 20X SSC + 400 ml H<sub>2</sub>O

16 Chloroform

#### Procedure:

On the day of the assay, the slides contained brain sections are taken out of  $-80^{\circ}$ C freezer and take out plastic wrap. The slide boxes then are placed in a dessicator until they are reached to room temperature. Arrange the slides in metal slide racks (50 slides or 25 slides) and treat them as below:

- 1 Fix the sections in 4% paraformaldehyde for 10 min. (the time is important).
- 2 In 1 X PBS for 1 min.
- 3 In 1 X PBS for 1 min.
- 4 0.25% acetic anhydrite in 0.1M TEA solution for 10 min with stirrer. (put the slide rack in 0.1M TEA first, then add acetic anhydrite and mix well).
- 5 70% Ethanol for 1 min.
- 6 80% ethanol for 1 min.
- 7 95% ethanol for 2 min.
- 8 100% ethanol for 1 min.
- 9 Chloroform for 5 min.
- 10 100% ethanol for 1 min.
- 11 95% ethanol for 1 min.

Air-dry the section for 30-60 min before hybridization.

#### Hybridization:

- 1 Pipette 150  $\mu$ l of hybridization solution on each slide and then carefully place a coverslip on the brain sections. Make sure there is no air-bubble and the hybridization solution evenly spread on all the brain sections.
- 2 Prepare humidified-chambers: In a plastic box, put two layers of filter paper and wet them with 50% formamide in 2X SSC. Place several pipettes on the filter paper to support slides.
- 3 Place slides in the humidified-chambers with coverslip facing up. Cover the chamber and incubate the slides in 54°C for 16-20 hr. To keep humidity, put boxes with 50% formamide in 2X SSC in the top and bottom of the incubator.

#### Wash:

- 1. Wash off coverslips by holding slide vertically and up and down several times in 4X SSC solution. Then, place the slides back to metal racks.
- 2. Wash the slides in 4X SSC at RT for 5 min with shaking.
- 3. Wash the slides in 4X SSC at RT for 5 min with shaking.
- 4. Wash the slides in 4X SSC at RT for 5 min with shaking.
- 5. Incubate the slides in RNase A solution for 30 min at RT.
- 6. Wash slides in 1X SSC at RT for 5 min. with shaking.
- 7. Wash slides in 0.5X SSC at RT for 5 min. with shaking.
- 8. Wash slides in 0.1X SSC at RT for 5 min. with shaking.

- 9. Incubate slides in 2 mM DTT in 0.1X SSC at 65°C for 15 min. Add DTT right before the incubation and same for the step 10-12.
- 10. Incubate slides in 2 mM DTT in 0.1X SSC at 65°C for 15 min.
- 11. Incubate slides in 2 mM DTT in 0.1X SSC at 65°C for 15 min.
- 12. Incubate slides in 2 mM DTT in 0.1X SSC at 65°C for 15 min.
- 13. Wash slides in 2 mM DTT in 0.1X SSC at RT for 1 min.
- 14. 300 mM NH<sub>4</sub>Ac, 50% ethanol solutions 1 min.
- 15. 300 mM NH<sub>4</sub>Ac, 70% ethanol solutions for 1 min.
- 16. 300 mM NH<sub>4</sub>Ac, 90% ethanol solutions for 1 min.
- 17. 300 mM NH<sub>4</sub>Ac, 95% ethanol solutions for 1 min.
- 18. Rinse with 100% ethanol.

Air-dry the slides and expose to Kodak BIOMAX MR film (Amersham) with a <sup>14</sup>C-standard strip for 7-14 days. Develop the film manually. Analysis the image by using NIH Image program.